# Occupational Licensing Agencies Should Not be Centralized, but Stronger Oversight is Needed

A presentation to the

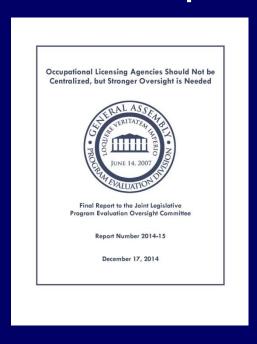
Joint Legislative Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee,

October 4, 2016

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#### Handouts

#### The Full Report



#### Today's Slides



#### **Study Direction**

- Directed by General Assembly in Session Law 2013-413, Section 10.(a)
- Evaluate the structure, organization, and operation of independent occupational licensing agencies (OLAs) as defined by G.S. 93B-1

### Independent Occupational Licensing Agencies (OLAs)

- PED identified 55 OLAs that meet statutory definition
- Fully independent state agencies
  - -do not receive any state general revenue
  - -are not subject to legislative requirements concerning the expenditure of funds

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### Objectives of Occupational Regulation

- Ensure that the public is protected from harm
- Provide assurances that the regulated individual is competent
- Provide a means to enforce occupational standards

### Occupational Regulation Can Be Achieved in Several Ways

Form of Occupational Regulation	Risk to Public Welfare	Characteristics
Licensure	High	Prohibits anyone from obtaining livelihood in the occupation without permission from a government agency
Certification	Moderate	Individuals not certified may practice but cannot use protected title
Registration	Low	Requires individuals to list their names with a designated government agency



#### **Finding**

Twelve OLAs did not provide sufficient information to justify continued licensing authority

### Licensing Requirement Assessment Criteria

The risk of public harm is sufficient to justify the costs to public and practitioners, which include:

- increased cost to consumers
- restrictions on the ability of individuals to work
- restrictions on public access to services
- limits on licensee mobility

### Licensing Requirement Assessment Factors

- Identified public harm
- Submitted complaints
- Disciplinary actions
- Other state licensure requirement

#### Licensing Requirement Assessment Identified OLAs

- 1. Cape Fear River Navigation and Pilotage
- 2. Electrolysis
- 3. Fee-Based Practicing Pastoral Counselors
- 4. Foresters
- 5. Interpreters and Transliterators
- 6. Landscape Architects
- 7. Landscape Contractors
- 8. Locksmiths
- 9. Morehead City Navigation and Pilotage
- 10. Opticians
- 11. Recreational Therapy
- 12. Refrigeration

#### **Finding**

Consolidation of ten OLAs can help ensure that necessary resources are available to effectively regulate licensed occupations

### OLA Consolidation Assessment Criteria

## Consolidation is appropriate when OLA lacks the necessary resources to effectively regulate the occupation

- Helps ensure adequate regulation
- May result in improved services

### OLA Consolidation Assessment Factors

- Annual Revenue
- Financial Solvency

### OLA Consolidation Assessment Identified OLAs

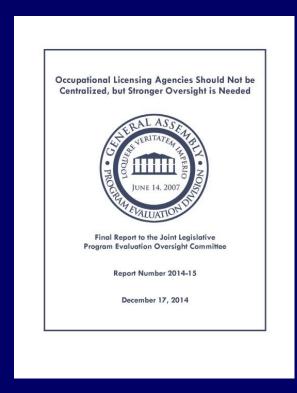
- 1. Acupuncture
- 2. Athletic Trainers
- 3. Cape Fear River Navigation and Pilotage
- 4. Environmental Health Specialists
- 5. Fee-Based Practicing Pastoral Counselors
- 6. Foresters
- 7. Locksmiths
- 8. Morehead City Navigation and Pilotage
- 9. Nursing Home Administrators
- 10. Opticians

#### Recommendation

- Establish OLA Commission to assist
  General Assembly in making the final
  determination to eliminate OLA licensing
  authority or consolidate with another
  licensing entity
  - Nine member commission with staffing assistance
  - Funded with OLA receipts
  - May be time limited



#### Report available online at www.ncleg.net/PED/Reports/reports.html



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